

west virginia department of environmental protection

Office of Oil and Gas 601 57th Street SE Charleston, WV 25304 (304) 926-0450 (304) 926-0452 fax Earl Ray Tomblin, Governor Randy C. Huffman, Cabinet Secretary www.dep.wv.gov

March 31, 2015

WELL WORK PERMIT Horizontal 6A Well

This permit, API Well Number: 47-1706648, issued to CNX GAS COMPANY LLC , is evidence of permission granted to perform the specified well work at the location described on the attached pages and located on the attached plat, subject to the provisions of Chapter 22 of the West Virginia Code of 1931, as amended, and all rules and regulations promulgated thereunder, and to all conditions and provisions outlined in the pages attached hereto. Notification shall be given by the operator to the Oil and Gas Inspector at least 24 hours prior to the construction of roads, locations, and/or pits for any permitted work. In addition, the well operator shall notify the same inspector 24 hours before any actual well work is commenced and prior to running and cementing casing. Spills or emergency discharges must be promptly reported by the operator to 1-800-642-3074 and to the Oil and Gas inspector.

Please be advised that form WR-35, Well Operators Report of Well Work is to be submitted to this office within 90 days completion of permitted well work, as should form WR-34 Discharge Monitoring Report within 30 days of discharge of pits, if applicable. Failure to abide by all statutory and regulatory provisions governing all duties and operations hereunder may result in suspension or revocation of this permit and, in addition, may result in civil and/or criminal penalties being imposed upon the operators.

In addition to the applicable requirements of this permit, and the statutes and rules governing oil and gas activity in WV, this permit may contain specific conditions which must be followed. Permit conditions are attached to this cover letter.

Per 35CSR-4-5.2.g this permit will expire in two (2) years from the issue date unless permitted well work is commenced. If there are any questions, please feel free to contact me at (304) 926-0499 ext. 1654.

James Martin

Chief

Operator's Well No: OXFD15CHS

Farm Name: HINTERER, DELORES

API Well Number: 47-1706648

Permit Type: Horizontal 6A Well

Date Issued: 03/31/2015

Promoting a healthy environment.

API Number:	<u>17-06648</u>	

PERMIT CONDITIONS

West Virginia Code § 22-6A-8(d) allows the Office of Oil and Gas to place specific conditions upon this permit. Permit conditions have the same effect as law. Failure to adhere to the specified permit conditions may result in enforcement action.

CONDITIONS

- 1. This proposed activity will require permit coverage from the United States Army Corps of Engineers (USACE) and WV DEP Department of Water and Waste Management (DWWM). No activity authorized under this permit shall be commenced until all necessary permits from USACE and DWWM are obtained.
- 2. If the operator encounters an unanticipated void, or an anticipated void at an unanticipated depth, the operator shall notify the inspector within 24 hours. Modifications to the casing program may be necessary to comply with W. Va. Code § 22-6A-5a (12), which requires drilling to a minimum depth of thirty feet below the bottom of the void, and installing a minimum of twenty (20) feet of casing. Under no circumstance should the operator drill more than fifty (50) feet below the bottom of the void or install less than twenty (20) feet of casing below the bottom of the void.
- 3. When compacting fills, each lift before compaction shall not be more than 12 inches in height, and the moisture content of the fill material shall be within limits as determined by the Standard Proctor Density test of the actual soils used in specific engineered fill, ASTM D698, Standard Test Method for Laboratory Compaction Characteristics of Soil Using Standard Effort, to achieve 95 % compaction of the optimum density. Each lift shall be tested for compaction, with a minimum of two tests per lift per acre of fill. All test results shall be maintained on site and available for review.
- 4. Operator shall install signage per § 22-6A-8g (6) (B) at all source water locations included in their approved water management plan within 24 hours of water management plan activation.
- 5. Oil and gas water supply wells will be registered with the Office of Oil and Gas and all such wells will be constructed and plugged in accordance with the standards of the Bureau for Public Health set forth in its Legislative rule entitled *Water Well Regulations*, 64 C.S.R. 19. Operator is to contact the Bureau of Public Health regarding permit requirements. In lieu of plugging, the operator may transfer the well to the surface owner upon agreement of the parties. All drinking water wells within fifteen hundred feet of the water supply well shall be flow tested by the operator upon request of the drinking well owner prior to operating the water supply well.
- 6. Pursuant to the requirements pertaining to the sampling of domestic water supply wells/springs the operator shall, no later than thirty (30) days after receipt of analytical data provide a written copy to the Chief and any of the users who may have requested such analyses.
- 7. If any explosion or other accident causing loss of life or serious personal injury occurs in or about a well or well work on a well, the well operator or its contractor shall give notice, stating the particulars of the explosion or accident, to the oil and gas inspector and the Chief, within 24 hours of said accident.
- 8. During the casing and cementing process, in the event cement does not return to the surface, the oil and gas inspector shall be notified within 24 hours.



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Office of Oil and Gas 601 57th Street Charleston, WV 25304 (304) 926-0450 fax (304) 926-0452

Earl Ray Tomblin, Governor Randy C. Huffman, Cabinet Secretary www.dep.wv.gov

ORDER ISSUED UNDER WEST VIRGINIA CODE, CHAPTER 22, ARTICLE 6A

TO: CNX Gas Company, LLC P.O. Box 1248 Jane Lew, WV 26378

DATE: March 31, 2015 ORDER NO.: 2015-W-2

INTRODUCTION

This Order (hereinafter "Order") is issued by the Office of Oil and Gas (hereinafter "OOG"), by and through its Chief, pursuant to the authority of W. Va. Code §§ 22-1-1, 22-6-1 and 22-6A-1 et seq. to CNX Gas Company, LLC. (hereinafter "CNX Gas Company" or "Operator"), collectively the "Parties."

FINDINGS OF THE CHIEF

In support of this Order, the Chief hereby finds the following:

- OOG, an office within the West Virginia Department of Environmental Protection, is the agency
 with the duty and authority to execute and enforce W. Va. Code §22-6-1 and §22-6A-1 et seq., and
 the rules and regulations promulgated thereunder.
- CNX Gas Company is a "person" as defined by W. Va. Code §22-6-1(n), with a corporate address as Post Office Box 1248 Jane Lew, WV 26378.
- On October 21st, 2014, CNX Gas Company submitted an application for a gas well identified as API# 47-017-06648, located on the OXFD15 Pad in New Milton District of Doddridge County, West Virginia.
- 4. On February 18, 2015, CNX Gas Company requested a waiver for Wetlands #3, #5, and #8 outlined in Exhibit 1, from well location restriction requirements in W. Va. Code §22-6A-12(b) for a gas well permit application identified as 47-017-06648, located on the OXFD15 Pad in New Milton District of Doddridge County, West Virginia.

CONCLUSIONS OF LAW

- 1. West Virginia Code §22-1-6(d) requires, in part, that "[i]n addition to other powers, duties and responsibilities granted and assigned to the secretary by this chapter, the secretary is authorized and empowered to...(3) Enter private lands to make surveys and inspections for environmental protection purposes; to investigate for violations of statutes or rules which the Office of Oil and Gas is charged with enforcing; to serve and execute warrants and processes; to make arrests; issue orders, which for the purposes of this chapter include consent agreements; and to otherwise enforce the statutes or rules which the Office of Oil and Gas is charged with enforcing."
- 2. West Virginia Code §22-6A-2(a)(6) requires, in part, that "Concomitant with the broad powers to condition the issuance of well work permits, the secretary should also have broad authority to waive certain minimum requirements of this article when, in his or her discretion, such waiver is appropriate: *Provided*, That the secretary shall submit a written report of the number of waivers granted to the Legislature commencing January 1, 2013, and each year thereafter."
- 3. West Virginia Code §22-6A-12(b) requires, in part, that "[n]o well pad may be prepared or well drilled within one hundred feet measured horizontally from any perennial stream, natural or artificial lake, pond or reservoir, or a wetland, or within three hundred feet of a naturally reproducing trout stream. No well pad may be located within one thousand feet of a surface or ground water intake of a public water supply. The distance from the public water supply as identified by the Office of Oil and Gas shall be measured as follows: (1) For a surface water intake on a lake or reservoir, the distance shall be measured from the boundary of the lake or reservoir. (2) For a surface water intake on a flowing stream, the distance shall be measured from a semicircular radius extending upstream of the surface water intake. (3) For a groundwater source, the distance shall be measured from the wellhead or spring. The Office of Oil and Gas may, in its discretion, waive these distance restrictions upon submission of a plan identifying sufficient measures, facilities or practices to be employed during well site construction, drilling and operations to protect the waters of the state. A waiver, if granted, shall impose any permit conditions as the secretary considers necessary."

ORDER

Therefore, the Office of Oil and Gas grants CNX Gas Company a waiver for Wetlands #3, #5, and #8 from well location restriction requirements in W. Va. Code §22-6A-12(b) for a gas well permit application identified as API# 47-017-06648, located on the OXFD15 Pad in New Milton District of Doddridge County, West Virginia. The Office of Oil and Gas hereby **ORDERS** that CNX Gas Company shall meet the following site construction and operational requirements for the OXFD15 well pad:

- A berm shall be constructed around the perimeter of the pad to contain any potential spills and storm water runoff. Berm is to be at least two feet (2') in height;
- Filter/silt socks and erosion control blankets shall be installed on all slopes and down gradient locations of the pad and topsoil pile areas as erosion and sediment controlling BMPs;
- Wetlands #3, #5, and #8 shall have a double compost filter sock stack installed adjacent to the wetlands;
- d. Disturbed areas not used for operations shall be seeded and mulched per the seeding tables in the WVDEP-OOG Erosion and Sediment Control Manual;
- e. Drill cuttings and associated drilling mud shall be disposed of in a permitted landfill;
- f. Waste generated by the flowback treatment systems shall be sent to offsite disposal at a permitted landfill;
- Weekly site inspections shall be conducted to monitor and maintain the integrity of the BMP storm water controls;
- Weekly storm water and spill prevention inspections shall be conducted focusing on storm water and spill prevention BMPs and maintenance of these BMPs;
- Inspections of the storm water and spill prevention measures shall be conducted after any major storm event defined as a half inch (½") rain within any twenty-four (24) hour period;
- j. Pad inspections shall be conducted no less than once a week to identify and mitigate potential deficiencies;
- k. All records from inspections shall be maintained on site for the life of the project and be available upon request.

Thus ORDERED, the 31st day of March, 2015.

IN THE NAME OF THE STATE OF WEST VIRGINIA:

OFFICE OF OIL AND GAS DEPARTMENT OF ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION STATE OF WEST VIRGINIA

By:

VAMES A. MARTIN, CHIEF

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API Number 17-06648	Well Number	OXF 15 CHS	
Operator CNX Gas Company LLC	_Pad Name	Oxford-15	

Submit a conclusive demonstration to justify the proposed activity by addressing the following:

- 1. Demonstrate that there is not a practical alternative to impact the Waters of the U.S. by including other alternatives that were considered but eliminated.
 - a. Include a No-Action Alternative as to show "the future without the project" If the pad is unable to be built there would be no chance to provide the natural gas to market for the citizens of the United States.
 - b. Location Alternatives must be shown

No alternatives exist without adding significant wetland impacts to Wetland 3, 5 and 8. This location has wetlands on 3 sides of the pad. The proposed location is the only practical, environmentally friendly option.

c. Must demonstrate why a 100' buffer cannot be maintained

Theses wetlands are located off of Cain Run as well as the access road and provides filtration to multiple tributaries of the local system. Therefore, the additional E&S controls taken will enable the wetland to continue to function in its natural way while being protected.

2. Show that treatment facilities (Erosion and Sediment Control Features) will be located as close as practical to the source(s) with which it is associated.

The proposed E&S BMPs are located as close as possible to the proposed earthwork area. No additional wetland impacts will result from the additional grading required to construct the pad location.

- 3. Demonstrate that all proposed activity will not impact Waters of the U.S. more than is necessary to accommodate the proper construction and operation of the facility.

a. Specify and identify wetlands using unique identification and/or perennial streams located within 100' of the pad's limit of disturbance (including erosion and sediment controls).

Wetland-3, Wetland 3 is an emergent spring fed wetland that directly adds hydrology to S-15. The etland is located on an existing access road. This wetland has flowing water through it until hannelization of Stream 15 occurs. The tree stratum contains only Platanus occidentalis (American even of the scrub/shrub layer contains the invasive Elaeagnus umbellata (autumn olive). The Serbaceous stratum is comprised of Carex Iurida (shallow sedge), Boehmeria cylindrica (smallspike salse nettle), Polygonum hydropiper (marshpepper knotweed), Juncus tenuis (poverty rush), Scirpus atrovirens (green bulrush), Carex vulpinoidea (fox sedge), Verbesina alternifolia (wingstem), Solidago rugosa (wrinkleleaf goldenrod), Impatiens capensis (jewelweed) and Onoclea sensibilis (sensitive fern). The soils are comprised of one distinct layer consisting of a clay silt loam for t04/03/2015 (12) inches with a moist color matrix of 2.5YR 5/2 at 51% and redox feature color of 2.5YR 5/4 at 49%. An impenetrable rock layer was encountered at 12 inches. Wetland data forms W-3 and U-3 describe this wetland and connecting uplands. (0.06 Acres within the AOI)

Wetland-5, Wetland 5 is an emergent spring fed wetland located directly along a historic logging road. This wetland has a direct hydrologic connection to S-16. The wetland is in an area with an abundance of red clay thus making the soil naturally problematic. The tree stratum contains Platanus occidentalis (American sycamore) and Acer rubrum (red maple). The scrub/shrub stratum contains Lindera benzoin (northern spice bush), Platanus occidentalis (American sycamore) and Sambucus nigra spp. canadensis (black elderberry). The herbaceous stratum is comprised of Scirpus atrovirens (green bulrush), Packera aurea (golden ragwort), Leersia oryzoides (rice cutgrass), Polygonum hydropiper (marshpepper knotweed), Scirpus atrovirens (green bulrush), Boehmeria cylindrica (smallspike false nettle), Carex lurida (shallow sedge), Carex vulpinoidea (fox sedge), Onoclea sensibilis (sensitive fern), Polygonum sagittatum (arrowleaf tearthumb) and Glyceria striata (fowl mannagrass). The soils are comprised of two distinct layers consisting of a silt loam clay for layer 1 from 0-3 inches with a moist color matrix of 2.5YR 4/1 at 51% with redox features of 5YR 5/6 at 49%. Layer 2 from 3-20 inches was a silt loam clay with a color matrix of 2.5YR 5/1 at 40% with redox features of 2.5YR 4/6 at 60%. Wetland data forms W-5 and U-5 describe this wetland and connecting uplands. (0.07 Acres within the AOI)

Wetland-8, Wetland 8 is an emergent spring fed wetland which emerges around an old but still active gas well. W-8 is the hydrologic source for S-18. The wetland contains red clay soils and thus makes the soils problematic. Soils were saturated at the time of delineation. The tree stratum contains Platanus occidentalis (American sycamore) and Ulmus americana (American elm). The scrub/shrub stratum contains Lindera benzoin (northern spicebush) and Platanus occidentalis (American sycamore). The herbaceous stratum is comprised of Verbesina alternifolia (wingstem), Packera aurea (golden ragwort), Lindera benzoin (northern spicebush), Eleocharus obtusa (blunt spikerush), Eleocharus tenuis (slender spikerush), Boehmeria cylindrica (smallspike false nettle), Polygonum hydropiper (marshpepper knotweed), Impatiens capensis (jewelweed), Phalaris arundinacea (reed canary grass), Carex lurida (shallow sedge), Juncus effusus (common rush), Scirpus atrovirens (green bulrush), Ambrosia artemisiifolia (annual ragweed), Leucanthemum vulgare (oxeye daisy), Plantago major (common plantain), Trifolium pratense (red clover), Carex vulpinoidea (fox sedge) and Mimulus ringens (Allegheny monkeyflower). The soils are comprised of two distinct layers consisting of a silt loam for layer 1 from 0-6 inches with a moist color matrix of 5YR 5/2 at 98% with a redox feature of 5YR 5/8 at 2%. Layer 2 from 6-20 inches was a silt loam clay with a color matrix of 7.5YR 4/2 at 99% and 5YR 6/8 at 1%. Wetland data forms W-8 and U-8 describe this wetland and connecting uplands. (0.13 Acres within the AOI)

b. Is the proposed project the least environmentally damaging practicable alternative to the waters of the United States, so long as the alternative does not have other environmental consequences.

The proposed pad location is located within 100' of and Wetlands 3, 5 and 8. However, the proposed pad location will not be environmentally damaging and is the only practical location. No additional wetland impacts will result from the proposed work.

project.

 Specify in writing what additional controls, measures, devices, monitoring, etc will be utilized to protect these wetlands and/or perennial streams.

Below are a list of BMPs that may be utilized to protect adjacent wetlands.

ROCK CONSTRUCTION ENTRANCE

A rock construction entrance will be provided at the location shown on the plans and in accordance with the standard detail provided in the Erosion and Sediment Control Plan. This measure proves effective removing sediment from vehicles before entering onto State, and county roads. The rock construction entrance thickness shall be constantly maintained to the specified dimensions by adding rock. A stockpile shall be maintained onsite for this purpose. At the end of each construction day, all sediment deposited on paved roadways shall be removed and returned to the construction site. If the crushed stone does not adequately remove sediment from vehicle tires, the tires should be hosed off before the vehicle enters a public street. The washings should be done on an area covered with crushed stone, and the water wash should drain to a sediment control device.

DIVERSION DITCHES

A channel will be used to convey storm water runoff in a stable manner from the pad site construction area. The channel will be lined with erosion control matting to help keep seed in place once final grades are established. Channels shall be inspected twice a month until a uniform 70% perennial vegetative cover is established. Any damage to the channel or erosion control blanket shall be fixed immediately. The contractor is to place seed on all bare spots and areas not establishing ground cover.

ROCK CHECK DAMS

Rock check dams are to be installed in each channel to reduce the velocity of storm water flows, thereby reducing erosion of the channel and trapping sediment. Rock check dams are to be installed every 100 linear feet in any channel conveying sediment laden runoff. Inspect each check dam at a minimum once every seven (7) calendar days and within 24 hours after and storm event greater than 0.5 inches of rain per 24 hour period. Check to see if water has flowed around the edges of the structure. Replace stone and repair dams as necessary to maintain the correct height and configuration.

RIP RAP OUTLET PROTECTION

Rock Aprons will be used at storm sewer outfalls to dissipate the velocity coming from storm pipes, helping prevent erosion/scour of existing drainage ways and features.

The rock aprons shall be inspected weekly until a uniform 70% perennial vegetation has established. Any visible damage shall be fixed by the end of the working day by placing additional riprap in the damaged area with a layer of geotextile. Place additional stone as necessary to prevent further erosion.

COMPOST FILTER SOCK

Silt sock shall be installed in the locations shown on the plans and in accordance with the standard detail provided in the ESCP. Accumulated sediments shall be removed in all cases where accumulations have reached half the above ground height of the sock. If the sock has been damaged, it shall be repaired or replaced if beyond repair. The filter media will be dispersed on site once the disturbed area has been permanently stabilized. Adhere to manufacturer's recommendations.

EROSION CONTROL MATTING

The specified products or approved equivalent erosion control matting will be installed within all permanent channels and on all slopes 3:1 or greater. The erosion control matting shall be inspected weekly and after every rainfall event to look for scour/washout areas. Any scoured areas shall be fixed immediately by

compacting soil in the washout area and placing seed. Any damaged erosion control matting shall be replaced immediately. Matting shall be maintained until a uniform 70% perennial vegetation has been established.

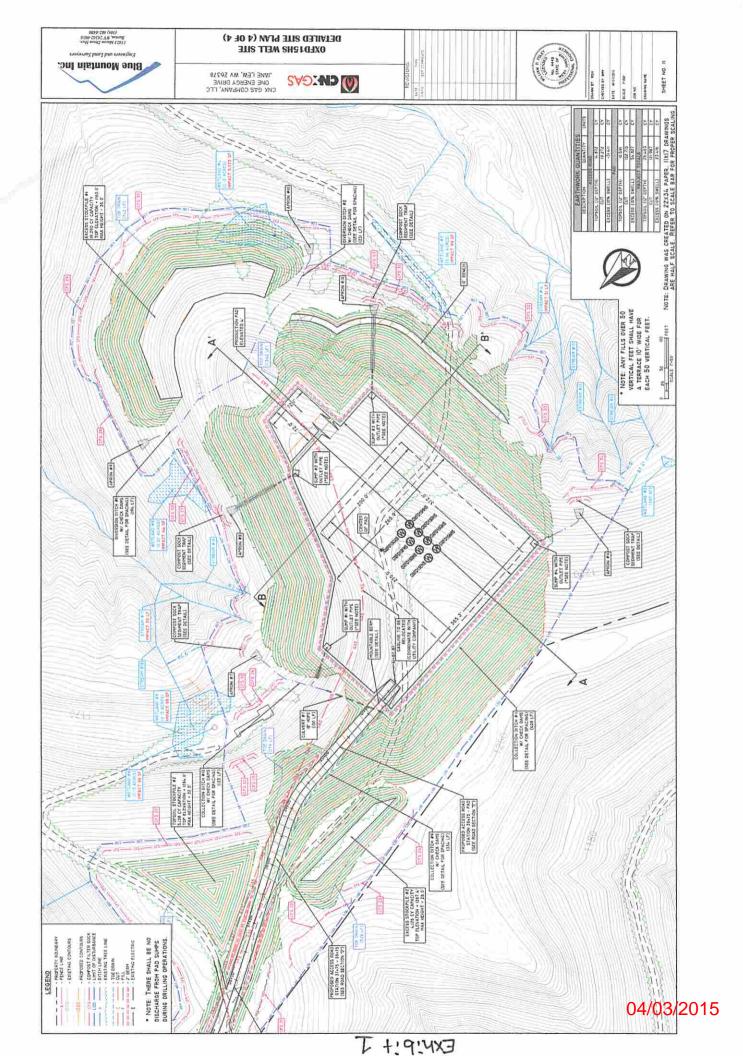
TEMPORARY VEGETATIVE STABALIZATION

Fertilizing, seeding, and mulching will be used as a temporary E&S control measure on all disturbed areas as needed. Exposed soils not subject to construction traffic shall not remain unseeded or covered by mulch for more than twenty-one (21) days, including stockpiled soil materials. Refer to the seeding mixtures provided on the erosion and sedimentation control general notes drawing of the Erosion and Sediment Control Plan for temporary seed mixtures.

The contractor shall vegetate all disturbed areas at the earliest appropriate times for establishment of temporary or permanent seed mixtures, respectively. When site development staging or season will not permit timely sowing of the permanent seed mixture(s), prepare soils as for permanent seeding, seed with temporary seed mixture and mulch, and then over-sow the perennial seed mixture into the stubble of temporary vegetation at the next appropriate seeding season.

PERMANENT VEGETATIVE STABALIZATION

Fertilizing, seeding, and mulching will be used as a permanent E&S control measure on all disturbed areas. Refer to the permanent seed mixture provided on the erosion and sediment control plan's general notes drawing. The contractor shall inspect the site twice a week until a 70% perennial vegetative cover is established. The contractor is to place seed on all bare spots and disturbed areas not establishing ground cover.



WW-6B (9/13)

STATE OF WEST VIRGINIA DEPARTMENT OF ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION, OFFICE OF OIL AND GAS WELL WORK PERMIT APPLICATION

1) Well Operator:							
1) Well Operator.	CNX G	as Compa	ny LLC	494458046	Doddridge	New Milton	New Milton
				Operator ID	County	District	Quadrangle
2) Operator's Wel	l Number	r: OXFD15C	HS	Well Pa	ad Name: OXF	D15HS	
3) Farm Name/Su	rface Ow	ner: Dolores	s Hintere	Public Ro	oad Access: Cair	n Run Rd	
4) Elevation, curre	ent groun	d: 1206'	E	levation, proposed	l post-constructi	on: 1206'	
5) Well Type (a) Ot) Gas ther	и	_ Oil _	Uno	derground Storag	ge	
(b))If Gas	Shallow	ш	Deep			7/0/
		Horizontal					tougher lon
6) Existing Pad: Y	es or No	NO					Dans Co.
7) Proposed Target					and Associated	Pressure(s):	4
Target - Marcellu	s, Depth -	6770', Thickn	ess - 60', I	Pressure - 4500#			
8) Proposed Total	Vertical l	Depth: 693	0'				
			7.70				
9) Formation at To	tal Vertic	cal Depth:	Oriskany				
 Formation at To Proposed Total 			Oriskany 11,218'				
	Measure	ed Depth:					
(0) Proposed Total	l Measure zontal Le	ed Depth:	11,218' 3671'	310', 1014'			
10) Proposed Total	l Measure zontal Le resh Wat	ed Depth: g Length:	11,218' 3671' oths:		1AHS (API#47-170	06409)	
10) Proposed Total 11) Proposed Horiz 12) Approximate F	l Measure zontal Le resh Watermine Fr	ed Depth: g Length: ter Strata Depresh Water D	11,218' 3671' pths:	Offset Well OXFD-1	1AHS (API#47-170	06409)	
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10) Proposed Total 11) Proposed Horiz 12) Approximate F 13) Method to Dete 14) Approximate S 15) Approximate C 16) Approximate C 17) Does Proposed directly overlying of	I Measure zontal Le Tresh Wat ermine Fr altwater Coal Sean Depth to F well loca or adjacer	ed Depth: g Length: g Length: ter Strata Deptes Popths: Depths: Depths: Oossible Voice Possible	11,218' 3671' pths: pepths: 220', 2560 10' I (coal microal sear	Offset Well OXFD-1 7, 2830' ine, karst, other):	None Anticipated		ė,

JAN 27 2015

Office of Oil and Gas
WV Dept. of Environmental Protection

WW-6B (9/13)

18)

CASING AND TUBING PROGRAM

TYPE	Size	New or Used	Grade	Weight per ft. (lb/ft)	FOOTAGE: For Drilling	INTERVALS: Left in Well	CEMENT: Fill-up (Cu. Ft.)
Conductor	20"	N	L.S.	81.3#	80'	80'	Grout to surface w/ Class A type camers
Fresh Water	13 3/8"	N	J-55	54.5#	1100'	1100'	CTS w/ Class A Type Cement
Coal						7.00	,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,
Intermediate	9 5/8"	N	J-55	36#	2900'	2900'	CTS w/ Class A Type Cement
Production	5 1/2"	N	P-110	20#	11218'	11218'	2200 ca. ft. w 50th0 POZ Lear & Circuit
Tubing	2 3/8"	N	J-55	4.7#	6700'	6700'	
Liners					2.00	3,00	

Doug Newson

TYPE	Size	Wellbore Diameter	Wall Thickness	Burst Pressure	Cement Type	Cement Yield (cu. ft./k)
Conductor	20"	26"	0.438	2110	Class A Type	1.18
Fresh Water	13 3/8"	17 1/2"	0.380	2730	Class A Type	1.39
Coal						
Intermediate	9 5/8"	12 3/8"	0.352	3520	Class A Type	1.18
Production	5 1/2"	8 3/4" & 8 1/2"	0.361	14360	Class A Type	1.26
Tubing	2 3/8"	5 1/2" Csg	0.190	7700		
Liners						

PACKERS

Kind:	None	
Sizes:	None	
Depths Set:	None	

Received

JAN 2 7 2015

Office of Oil and Gas WV Dept. of Environmental Protection

Page 2 of 3

WW-6B (9/13)

19) Describe proposed well work, including the drilling and plugging back of any pilot hole:
Drill and stimulate new horizontal Marcellus well. Well to be drilled to a TMD of 11218'. Well to be drilled to a TVD of 6930', formation at TVD - Oriskany. The well bore will not be drilled any deeper than 100' beyond the Onondaga top, nor will there be any perforation, stimulation, or production of any formations below the target formation. Well will be plugged back to an approximate depth of 6000' (approximate due to exact kick off point being unknown). Plugging back will be done using the displacement method and Class A Type cement. A solid cement plug will be set from TD to KOP. If an unexpected void is encountered, plan will be to set casing at a minimum of 30' past void and cement to surface with approved Class A type cement.
20) Describe fracturing/stimulating methods in detail, including anticipated max pressure and max rate:
The stimulation will be multiple stages divided over the lateral length of the well. Stage spacing is dependent upon engineering design. Slickwater fracturing technique will be utilized on each stage using sand, water, and chemicals. Max Pressure - 9500 psi. Max Rate - 100 bbl/min.
21) Total Area to be disturbed, including roads, stockpile area, pits, etc., (acres): 30.7 Acres
22) Area to be disturbed for well pad only, less access road (acres): 8.7 Acres
23) Describe centralizer placement for each casing string:
Conductor - No centralizers used. Fresh Water & Coal - Bow spring centralizers on first joint then every fourth joint to 100 feet from surface. Intermediate - Bow spring centralizers one on the first two joints and every forth joint until inside surface casing. Production - Rigid bow spring centralizer on first joint then every 2 casing joints (free floating) through the lateral and the curve. (Note: cementing the 5 1/2" casing completely in open hole lateral and curve.)
24) Describe all cement additives associated with each cement type:
Conductor - 2% CaCl2. Fresh Water/Coal - 2% CaCl2. Intermediate - 2% CaCl2. Production - 2.6% Cement extender, 0.7% Fluid loss additive, 0.5% High Temperature Retarder, 0.2% Friction Reducer
25) Proposed borehole conditioning procedures:
Conductor - The hole is drilled w/ air and casing ran in air. Apart from insuring the hole is clean via air circulation at TD, there are no other conditioning procedures. Fresh Water/Coal - The hole is drilled w/ air and casing is ran in air. Once

casing is on bottom, the casing shoe will be cleared with fresh water and gel prior to cementing. Intermediate - The hole is drilled w/ air and casing is ran in air. Once casing is on bottom, the casing shoe will be cleared with fresh water and gel prior to cementing. (Note: Drilling soap may be utilized if the hole gets wet/damp during the drilling of all air holes with the exception of the conductor). Production - The hole will be drilled with synthetic oil base mud and once at TD the hole is circulated at a drilling pump rate until the hole is clean. Once the conductor is conducted at a drilling pump rate until the hole is clean. Once the conductor is conducted at a drilling pump rate until the hole is clean. Once the conductor is conducted at a drilling pump rate until the hole is clean. Once the conductor is conducted at a drilling pump rate until the hole is clean. Once the conductor is conducted at a drilling pump rate until the hole is clean. Once the conductor is conducted at a drilling pump rate until the hole is clean. Once the conductor is conducted at a drilling pump rate until the hole is clean. Once the conductor is conducted at a drilling pump rate until the hole is clean. Once the conductor is conducted at a drilling pump rate until the hole is clean.

*Note: Attach additional sheets as needed.

JAN 27 2015

Cement Additives

- Conductor 2% CaCl2
- Freshwater/Coal 2% CaCl2
- Intermediate 2% CaCl2
- Production
 - o 2.6% Cement extender
 - o 0.7% Fluid Loss Additive
 - o 0.5% High Temperature Retarder
 - o 0.2% Friction Reducer

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Office of Oil and Co. WV Dept. of English.

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1000 CONSOL Energy Drive Canonsburg, PA 15317

phone: (724) 485-3252

e-mail: JoshDalton@consolenergy.com web: www.consolenergy.com

JOSH DALTON Drilling Design Engineer

Mr. Douglas Newlon WV Department of Environmental Protection Office of Oil and Gas 601 57th Street – SE Charleston, WV 25304

August 11, 2014

Re: Oxford WV Extended Surface Casing

Dear Mr. Newlon:

This letter is intended to justify the extension of our surface casing on Oxford (OXFD) pads in WV. The 13-3/8" surface casing will be exceeding the 150' beyond the deepest known fresh water zone located near 600'-700'.

The closest offset wells are on the OXFD-11 pad and were surface drilled in the month of July 2014. There was 80' of 20" conductor set and cemented to surface. There was initially 740' of 13-3/8" surface casing set and cemented to surface. Lastly the 9-5/8" intermediate casing was set at 2645' and cemented to surface. The first two of the six wells on OXFD-11 pad resulted in drill string retrieval operations while drilling the 12.25" intermediate section. Severe wellbore instability was experienced around the 900'-1000' depth. Hydrating red clays, or "Swelling Red Rock", was deemed the root cause of the stuck drill string in both cases. After DEP permission, the remaining four wells on the OXFD-11 pad had the 13-3/8" surface casing set between 1200' and 1250', which is 58' to 108' short of the pad elevation. This extension of the surface casing remediated the hydrating clay issue and no further issues were experienced on the pad. It is our desire to continue with this plan of action by setting 13-3/8" surface casing 50' to 100' short of the pad elevation to proactively eliminate the formation issues.

If you have any questions concerning this request, please contact me at 724-485-3252 or via e-mail at JoshDalton@consolenergy.com.

Sincerely,

Josh Dalton

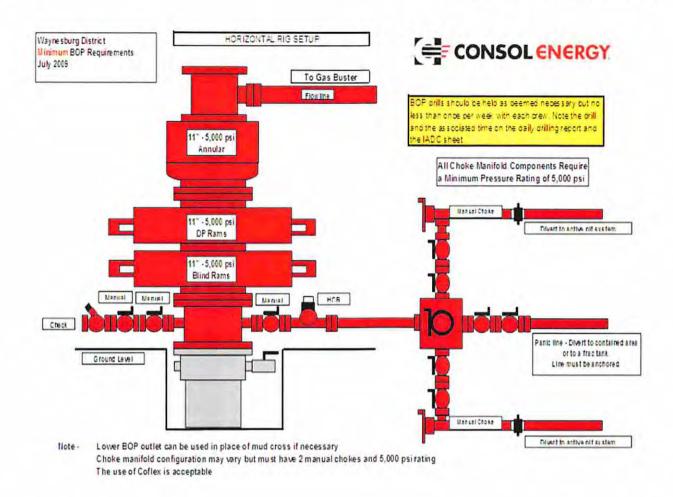
PROCESSES

OCT 2 1 2014

Chiles at Oll and Gas

Averther Proportional Propagation

04/03/2015



Remote Controls

Remote controls shall be readily accessible to the driller. Remote controls for all systems shall be capable of closing the preventer. Remote controls systems shall be capable of both opening and closing the preventer.



API Number 47 -	
Operator's Well 1	No. OXFD15CHS

STATE OF WEST VIRGINIA DEPARTMENT OF ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION OFFICE OF OIL AND GAS

FLUIDS/ CUTTINGS DISPOSAL & RECLAMATION PLAN

Operator Name CNX Gas Com	pany, LLC	OP Code 494458046	
Watershed (HUC 10)_Headw	vaters Middle Island Creek	Quadrangle New Milton	
Elevation_1206	County Doddridge	District_ New Milton	
Will a pit be used? Yes	than 5,000 bbls of water to complete t	he proposed well work? Yes	No
	anticipated pit waste: N/A		
Will a synthetic liner	be used in the pit? Yes No	If so, what ml.? N/A	
Proposed Disposal M	fethod For Treated Pit Wastes:		
Und Ret	nd Application derground Injection (UIC Permit Nuruse (at API Number	or disposal location)	
Will closed loop system be use	ed? If so, describe:yes		
Drilling medium anticipated for	or this well (vertical and horizontal)?	Air, freshwater, oil based, etc. Synthetic	Received
	pe? Synthetic, petroleum, etc.Synthetic		
	medium? Bactericide, Polymers, and Wei	ghting Agents	JAN 2 7 2015
	? Leave in pit, landfill, removed offsit		
	to solidify what medium will be used		Office of Oil and Gas
		stern Landfill, Max Environmental Yukon Land	WV Dept. of Environmental Protection fill & Bulger Landfill
on August 1, 2005, by the Offi provisions of the permit are en law or regulation can lead to en I certify under penal application form and all atta- obtaining the information, I be	ce of Oil and Gas of the West Virginia inforceable by law. Violations of any inforcement action. Ity of law that I have personally example the chiments thereto and that, based on believe that the information is true, a information, including the possibility of the companion. Kelly Eddy	tions of the GENERAL WATER POLL a Department of Environmental Protection term or condition of the general permit mined and am familiar with the inform my inquiry of those individuals immunicurate, and complete. I am aware the fine or imprisonment.	on. I understand that the and/or other applicable nation submitted on this ediately responsible for
Subscribed and sworn before n	ne this 26 TH day of JA	Notary Profice	OFFICIAL SEAL NOTARY PUBLIC STATE OF WEST VIRGIMA CARIOLINDA FLANAGAN PO Box 603 Lumbirgon W 28395 My Commission E CARA CAROLING BOX 15 /5 /2 /2 1 2

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		Operator's V	Vell No OXFD15CH
CNX Gas Company,	LLC	Operator s v	ven ivo.
Proposed Revegetation Treatm	nent: Acres Disturbed 30.7	Prevegetation pI	6.5
Lime according to pH t	Tons/acre or to correct to pH	7.0	
Fertilizer type10-20	-20		
Fertilizer amount_50	00 lbs	/acre	
_{Mulch} hay or st		cre	
	Seed	<u>Mixtures</u>	
Ten	nporary	Perma	nent
Seed Type	lbs/acre	Seed Type	lbs/acre
Orchard Grass	25	Orchard Grass	25
Birdsfoot Trefoil	15	Birdsfoot Trefoil	15
Ladino Clover	10	Ladino Clover	10
Attach: Drawing(s) of road, location, p provided)	oit and proposed area for land app	lication (unless engineered plans in	cluding this info have been
Drawing(s) of road, location, provided) Photocopied section of involve Plan Approved by: **Research** Comments: **Presearch**	ed 7.5' topographic sheet.	lication (unless engineered plans in	
Drawing(s) of road, location, provided) Photocopied section of involve Plan Approved by: For	glas Newlon H Mulch Ingtal		
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Site Safety Plan for Well OXFD15CHS CNX Gas Company LLC

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