

west virginia department of environmental protection

Office of Oil and Gas 601 57th Street SE Charleston, WV 25304 (304) 926-0450 (304) 926-0452 fax Earl Ray Tomblin, Governor Randy C. Huffman, Cabinet Secretary www.dep.wv.gov

PERMIT MODIFICATION APPROVAL

March 25, 2014

EQT PRODUCTION COMPANY POST OFFICE BOX 280 BRIDGEPORT, WV 26330

Re: Permit Modification Approval for API Number 1706330 , Well #: WV 513141 Modified Casing

Oil and Gas Operator:

The Office of Oil and Gas has reviewed the attached permit modification for the above referenced permit. The attached modification has been approved and well work may begin. Please be reminded that the oil and gas inspector is to be notified twenty-four (24) hours before permitted well work is commenced.

Please call James Martin at 304-926-0499, extension 1654 if you have any questions.

Sincerely,

Gene Smith

Regulatory/Compliance Manager

Office of Oil and Gas





December 17, 2013

Mr. Gene Smith West Virginia Department of Environmental Protection Office of Oil and Gas 601 57th Street SE Charleston, WV 25304

Re: Modification of (OXF156) 47-017-06330

Dear Mr. Smith,

Attached is a modification to the casing program for the above well. A new WW-6B & schematics are enclosed for your review. Due to problems encountered drilling the WEU8 wells, we have decided to set the intermediate casing deeper.

If you have any questions, please do not hesitate to contact me at (304) 848-0076.

Sincerely,

Vicki Roark

Permitting Supervisor-WV

Enc.

cc: Douglas Newlon 4060 Dutchman Road Macfarlan, WV 26148 Well Operator: EQT Production Company

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STATE OF WEST VIRGINIA DEPARTMENT OF ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION, OFFICE OF OIL AND GAS W.VA. CODE §22-6A - WELL WORK PERMIT APPLICATION

Operator's Well Number:	513141	Well Pad Name	OXF156	
Farm Name/Surface Owner :	Heaster et al	Public Road Access:	CR10	
Elevation, current ground:	1244' Elevation,	proposed post-construction:	1203'	
Vell Type: (a) Gas	OilUnderg	round Storage		
Other				
(b) If Gas:	Shallow	Deep	^	
н	orizontal			
Existing Pad? Yes or No:	no			
	See the feet Anti-the hand This know	and Accordated Proceuratel		
Proposed Target Formation(s), [Depth(s), Anticipated Thicknes	ses and Associated Pressure(s):	target pressure of 54 PSI	
Proposed Target Formation(s), D Target formation is Marcellus	Depth(s), Anticipated Thicknes at a depth of 6608' with the anticipate	ses and Associated Pressure(s): d thickness to be 4447feet and anticipated	target pressure of 54 PSI	
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Proposed Total Vertical Depth: Formation at Total Vertical Depth Proposed Total Measured Depth Proposed Horizontal Leg Lengt	at a depth of 6608' with the anticipate h: th	d thickness to be 4447feet and anticipated of 6608' Marcellus 16,086 7,620		
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DCN
1-2-2014

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03/28/2014

CASING AND TUBING PROGRAM

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3) YPE	Size	<u>New</u> or Used	Grade	Weight per ft.	FOOTAGE: for Drilling	INTERVALS: Left in Well	CEMENT: Fill- up (Cu.Ft.)
onductor	20	New	Varies	Varies	40	40	38
esh Water	13 3/8	new	MC-50	54	1,178	1,178	1,017
oal							0.000
termediate	9 5/8	New	MC-50	40	5,267	5,267	2,063
roduction	5 1/2	New	P-110	20	16,086	16,086	See Note 1
ubing	2 3/8		J-55	4.6			May not be run, if run will be set 100' less than TD

YPE	Size	Wellbore Diameter	Wall Thickness	Burst Pressure	Cement Type	Cement Yield (cu, ft./k)
onductor	20	26	0.375		Construction	1.18
resh Water	13 3/8	17 1/2	0.38	2,480	1	1.21
oal						
termediate	9 5/8	12 3/8	0.395	3,590	1	1.21
roduction	5 1/2	8 1/2	0.361	12,640		1.27/1.86
ubing			_			
iners		4				

Packers

ind:	N/A
izes:	N/A
epths Set:	N/A

ote 1: EQT plans to bring the TOC on the production casing cement job 1,000' above kick off point, which is at ast 500' above the shallowest production zone, to avoid communication.

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DCN 1-2-2014 (3/13)

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Drill and complet a new horizontal well in the Marcellus formation. The vertical drill to go down to an approximate depth of 5599'.
Then kick off the horizontal leg into the Marcellus using a slick water frac.
20) Describe fracturing/stimulating methods in detail, including anticipated max pressure and max rate:
Hydraulic fracturing is completed in accordance with state regulations using water recycled from previously fractured wells and obtained from freshwater sources. This water is mixed with sand and a small percentage (less than 0.3%) of chemicals (including 15% Hydrochloric acid,
gelling agent, gel breaker, friction reducer, biocide, and scale inhibitor), referred to in the industry as a "slickwater" completion. Maximum
anticipated treating pressures are expected to average approximately 8500 psi, maximum anticipated treating rates are expected to average
approximately 100 bpm. Stage lengths vary from 150 to 300 feet. Average approximately 200,000 barrels of water per stage. Sand sizes vary from 100 mesh to 20/40 mesh. Average approximately 200,000 pounds of sand per stage.
vary from 100 mesh to 20/40 mesh. Average approximately 200,000 pounds of sains per stage.
21) Total area to be disturbed, including roads, stockpile area, pits, etc, (acres): 37.43
22) Area to be disturbed for well pad only, less access road (acres): 26.22
23) Describe centralizer placement for each casing string.
Surface: Bow spring centralizers – One at the shoe and one spaced every 500'.
 Intermediate: Bow spring centralizers— One cent at the shoe and one spaced every 500'. Production: One spaced every 1000' from KOP to Int csg shoe
- Floudction. One spaced every 1000 flour Kor to like csg slice
24) Describe all cement additives associated with each cement type. Surface (Type 1 Cement): 0-3% Calcium Chloride
Used to speed the setting of cement slurries.
0.4% flake. Loss Circulation Material (LCM) is used to combat the loss of the cement slurry to a thief zone. Intermediate [Type 1 Cement]: 0-3% Calcium Chloride. Salt is used in shallow, low temperature formations to speed the setting of cement
slurries. 0.4% flake. Loss Circulation Material (LCM) is used to combat the loss of whole drilling fluid or cement slurry (not filtrate)
to a thief zone.
Production:
Lead (Type 1 Cement): 0.2-0.7% Lignosulfonate (Retarder). Lengthens thickening time.
0.3% CFR (dispersant). Makes cement easier to mix.
Tail (Type H Cement): 0.25-0.40% Lignosulfonate (Retarder). Lengthens thickening time.
0.2-0.3% CFR (dispersant). This is to make the cement easier to mix.
60 % Calcuim Carbonate. Acid solubility.
0.4-0.6% Halad (fluid loss). Reduces amount of water lost to formation.
25) Proposed borehole conditioning procedures. <u>Surface</u> : Circulate hole clean (Approximately 30-45 minutes) rotating & reciprocating
one full joint until cuttings diminish at surface. When cuttings returning to surface diminish, continue to circulate an additional 5
minutes. To ensure that there is no fill, short trip two stands with no circulation. If there is fill, bring compressors back on
and circulate hole clean. A constant rate of higher than expected cuttings volume likely indicates washouts that will not clean up.
Intermediate: Circulate hole clean (Approximately 30-45 minutes) rotating & reciprocating one full joint until cuttings diminish at
surface. When cuttings returning to surface diminish, continue to circulate an additional 5 minutes. If foam drilling, to enhance
hole cleaning use a soap sweep or increase injection rate & foam concentration.
Production: Pump marker sweep with nut plug to determine actual hole washout. Calculate a gauge holes bottoms up volume.
Perform a cleanup cycle by pumping 3-5 bottoms up or until the shakers are clean. Check volume of cuttings coming across
the shakers every 15 minutes.

19) Describe proposed well work, including the drilling and plugging back of any pilot hole:

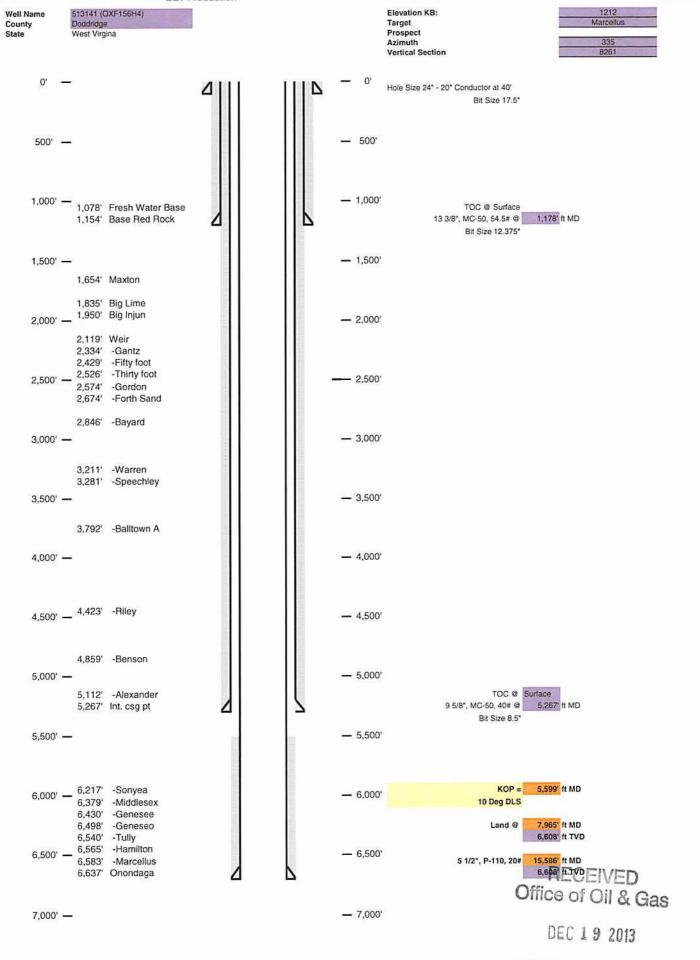
*Note: Attach additional sheets as needed.

RECEIVED
Office of Oil & Gas

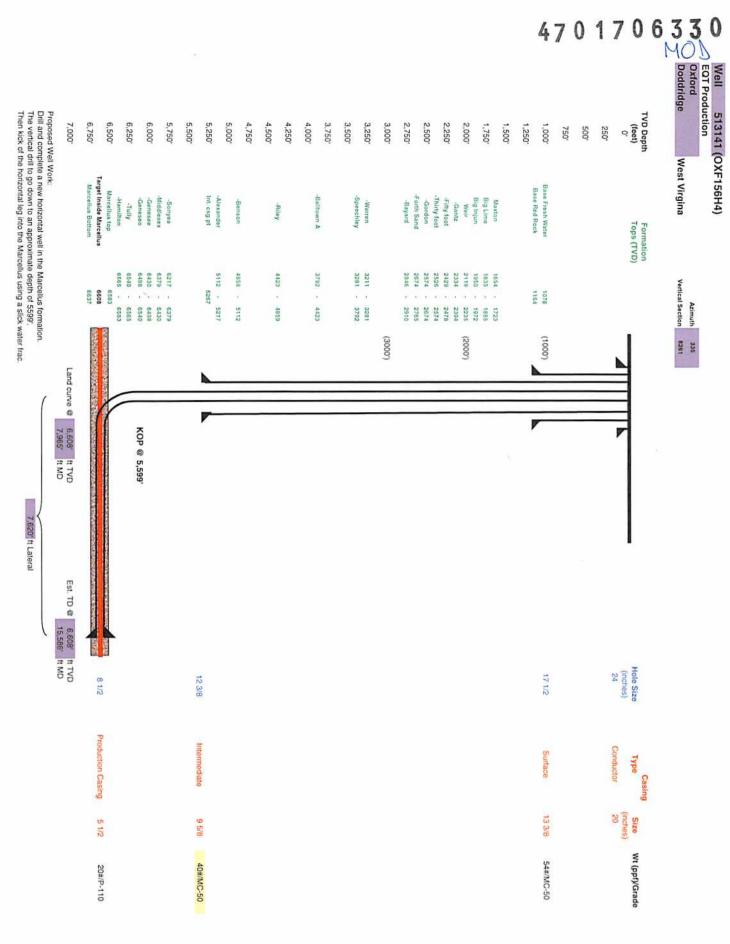
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DEC 1 9 2013

WV Department of Environmental Protection Well Schematic EQT Production MOD



WV Department of Environmental Protection



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DEC 1 9 2013

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